

• This lesson is a revision of skills taught in the previous lessons. It also includes the playing of small-sided games through the station teaching approach.

This lesson can be repeated.

• Yard/hall.

- Mini-basketballs/mini-rugby balls, cones, skipping ropes, football and stopwatch.
- Activity cards for the Tasks at the end of the lesson.
- Primary School Curriculum (1999) Physical Education, page 43.
- Buntús Cards: Receiving Two Pass; Receiving Liner.
- Teacher Guidelines, pages 86, 87.



ORGANISATION

- Divide the class into groups of five or six. Station teaching: this lesson is to be
- conducted using four stations.
- Place activity cards for the tasks selected at each station.
- The groups alternate every six or seven minutes.
- Lay out equipment for each activity.

The children work in pairs in this activity. Mini basketballs and hoops are required.

Cones and mini basketballs are required.

Place one football, two cones for goals

which to kick.

and one beanbag to mark the spot from

Remember one end of your yard/hall will be taken up with the game.

There will be four stations. One station will be a teaching station where a small-sided game will be played, which will occupy two groups.

ACTIVITY

Choose three other activities from the following.

Warm up and Stretching: Visit your warm up bank.

Select activities suitable to the space available to you.

Throwing at a target

1

2

3

Each child has a mini-basketball. Shoot into a mini-basketball hoop. OR

If there is no basketball or netball hoop available, the children can experiment using one light plastic ball and/or small ball and one hoop per pair.

In turn, one child holds up the hoop and the other tries to shoot the ball into the hoop. Encourage the children to experiment holding the hoop vertically as shown and horizontally.

Dribbling activities

- (a) **Call the number:** The children work in pairs.
- (b) **Zigzag dribble:** Place four/five cones in a line. The children dribble in and out of the cones using both hands.

Penalty shots

In turn, each child takes a penalty shot. In turn, each child acts as a goalie.



TEACHING POINTS



ORGANISATION **TEACHING POINTS** ACTIVITY Create your own game/activity 4 Select equipment of your choice. Leave a small amount of selected equipment available. Ask the children to create their own activity using the equipment Ask the children to create and develop an activity or short game. provided. They must play it. Encourage the children to look ٠ Ask one child to volunteer to explain the activity/game to the rest of the class. critically at what they design. What is best about the game? 0 Are there problems or faults? 0 Can it be improved? 0 Shuttle runs/skipping 5 (a) Place two cones approximately 10 metres apart. Cones, skipping ropes, paper and pencils are required. In turn, the children run between the cones for a pre-decided length of time (30 seconds). Each child counts the number of runs made in the time allowed. In turn, the children act as timekeeper, counter and recorder. The children skip freely, individually or as a group. (b) **Teaching Station: Small-sided game:** 6 Form teams of five or six. Choose your game from the following Attacking advice Look ahead **Revise Line Ball introducing the jump ball start.** (a) Pass ahead The game can be started by the jump ball. Move ahead Organise the children as in the diagram: two in the middle and all others around the circle. • Spread out (If there are no markings ask the children to stay more than an arm's length away from **Defensive advice** the jumpers.) Remind the children of the correct Two children, one from each team, stand facing each other in the circle. ٠ defensive stance. Encourage them to Match the children who are involved in the jump ball for height. try to stop a player making a pass The teacher throws the ball up between them, throwing the ball a little higher than their by standing in front of them, arms --• outstretched arms. in the air with palms flat as if shinning a window. The children try to tip the ball with an open hand to one of their team mates. • If they can gain possession of the Note: The children may not fist the ball or catch the ball. • ball without physical contact, they may do so. The game can also be started by giving possession to one team.

ORGANISATION

ACTIVITY

Playing the Game

This is a passing game where players pass the ball to reach the target i.e. a team mate standing behind a line or between two cones. The ball has to be caught cleanly by the child to count as a score. Confine the children to passing only (no dribbling) to promote teamwork

Hand the ball to the other team:

- if the ball is out of bounds i.e. ball over sideline or end line;
- after a score;
- if there is a **violation** e.g. running with the ball;
- if there is a **foul** e.g. someone is pulled or pushed or hit on the arm, etc.

Rules: In discussion with the children, remind them of the agreed rules which they had applied previously when playing this game.

- No running with the ball.
- No pushing.
- No pulling/dragging.
- The catcher may move up and down the line.

A score can be one or two points.

N.B. After a score or when the ball goes behind the line the ball is left on the ground and the throw-in is taken by the defending team. i.e. not the catcher on the line

The scorer now becomes the catcher.

(b) Bench ball: As for line ball

A passing game where players pass the ball to a team mate standing on a gym bench to score. The ball has to be caught cleanly by the child on the bench to count as a score. Confine the children to passing only (no dribbling) to promote teamwork.

To prevent the children from standing right beside the bench, mark out a semi-circle into which no-one may go.

(c) Hoop game

Organise the hoop game as in line ball but use a basketball/netball hoop.

7 Cool down

Visit your cool down bank.

TEACHING POINTS

- Initially, teachers must use their discretion with the implementation of the travelling rule two or three steps can be ignored.
- As the children improve, become stricter.
- Discuss with the children conditions or skills which could be included to improve or change the game, e.g. use a short dribble.
- Discuss how to develop inclusion in the game.

VELOPMEN Ε T ORGANISATION **TEACHING POINTS** ACTIVITY Hoop game 1 Develop the shooting skills of the children in the hoop games. Game 4 v 4: Tag me 2 Mark out an area approximately 10m x This is a passing game played with an oval ball. Ensure that the rule relating to the ٠ 10m. Place the children in teams of four. ball held in both hands is strictly The objective of the game is to touch a player on the opposing team with the ball while holding the enforced. ball in two hands. To start a game with an oval ball (tag game) Start the game by giving possession to one side. **Playing the game** That team tries to pass the ball as quickly as possible and tag the nearest member of the opposing team. Rules Only two steps may be taken by the player in possession of the ball. The team not in possession may run anywhere inside the grid area. If they run out they are caught. • A player is also caught if s/he is touched with the ball which is in hand. • All caught players go out of the grid. ٠ If the team in possession drop the ball all caught players return to the game and possession is ٠ handed over. No pulling or dragging allowed ٠ The game continues until all of one side are **caught** or create a time limit. ٠ Possession then changes over.

TASK ONE – PAIR ACTIVITIES

In turn, the children shoot into a mini basketball or netball hoop

OR

If there are no basketball or netball posts available, the children work with **light plastic balls** and hoops.

In turn, one child holds up the hoop and the other tries to shoot the ball into the hoop.

TASK 2 – PAIR ACTIVITIES

(a) Call the number

(b) **Zigzag dribble** – In turn, dribble in and out of the cones using your left hand and your right hand.

TASK 3 – INDIVIDUAL ACTIVITIES

In turn, each child takes a penalty shot. In turn, each child acts as a goalie.

TASK 4 – GROUP ACTIVITY

Create and develop an activity or short game. You must play it. One of you must volunteer to explain the activity/game to the rest of the class.

TASK 5 – INDIVIDUAL ACTIVITIES

(a) In turn, the children run between the cones for a pre-decided length of time (30 seconds).
Count the number of runs made in the time allowed.
Keep the time.

In turn, act as timekeeper, counter and recorder.

(b) The children skip freely, individually or as a group.